THE

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POETRY.

THE SLEEPING BEAUTY. BY L. E. L.

Sleep with honey-dews hath bound her,

Sleep with honey-dews hath bound her,
Sleep unwak'd by day;
Through the forest growing round her
None may take their way,
For it is a path forbidden
By the words of power;
There the beauty must be hidden
Till the appointed hour,

Till the young deliverer cometh, And the maiden life resumeth.

Purple fruit and golden chalice Lie upon the floor;

Lie upon the floor;
For, in that enchanted palace,
All is as before.
There still is the censer burning,
With its perfumed flame;
Years on many years returning,
See it still the same;
It will burn till light re-living
In those closed eyes quench its give In those closed eyes quench its giving.

There her ivory lute, too, slumbers On the haunted ground,

On the haunted ground,
Silent are its once sweet numbers,
Like all things around;
On her cheek the rose is breathing
With its softest red;
And the auburn hair is wreathing
Round the graceful head;
Changeth not that rosy shade,
Stirreth not that auburn braid.

Hath the wild west wind then only Leave to come and weep?

Is the lovely one left lonely

To her charmed sleep? To her charmed sleep f.
No, when you full moon has risen
O'er the azure lake,
Cometh one to that sweet prison
For the sleeper's sake;
On that only moonlit hour
Hath the gentle fairy power.

Then she calls fair spirits nigh her,
Each one with a dream,
So with sweet thoughts to supply her,
And those shadows seem
Real as life, but that each vision
Hath a lovlier ray,
More etherial and elysion

More etherial and elysian
Than earth's common day.
Human thougts and feelings keep
Life in that enchanted sleep.

Soon o'er that dark pine and laurel

Soon o'er that dark pine and laurel
Will a youth prevail;
Is there not a gentle moral
In that fairy tale?
Like that maiden's sleep unwaking,
Slumb'reth woman's heart,
Till Love comes, that slumber breaking
For life's loveliest part.
Ah, the heart which it must waken
Soon will mourn its rest forsaken.

PASSAGES FROM THE DIARY OF A PHYSICIAN. (Concluded.)

trouble not the Master.

him, saying, Fear not; believe only, and she shall be made whole.

'And when he came into the house, he suffered no man to go in, save Peter, and James, and John, and the father and the mother of the maiden. And all wept affecting prayer. and bewailed her; but he said, Weep not; was dead.

' And he put them all out, and took her by the hand, and called, saying, Maid, her, I fear, replied Dr. D. arise. And her spirit came again, and 'How much longer do you she rose straightway.

While he was reading the passage I most persuaded me that I saw the eye- Dean. lids of Miss P. moving. I trembled from

The Dean, much affected, was proceeding with the fifty-fifth verse, when such a infant's meal. tremendous and long-continued knocking the knocking was continued, almost with-out intermission. My heart suddenly mis-'I have heard some for gave me as to the cause.

in his aspect, frantic in his gesture, and event. his dress covered with dust from head to 'Do you know,' said Dr. D., with an share in my joy. his appearance had petrified us.

if choaked for want of breath.

laugh appeared on his face that had a ed about her !' gleam of madness in it.

'Mr. N.! what are you about? For turning pale.... what if she has -has HEARD mercy's sake, be calm ! Let me lead you, all that has been said 1'* for a moment, into another room, and all and grasping him firmly by the arm.

'Agnes!' he continued in a tone that venerable Dean attempted to dissuade him but met with no better a reception than

me? what are they doing to you?' He chair, as if in a fit. How shall I describe stepped within a foot of the chair where what I saw, on approaching the bed? she lay....calm and immovable as death! terrified apprehension and uncertainty. He eyes closed. They were now wide open, dropped his hat which he had been grasp, and staring upwards with an expression I the nurse was crying violently. Such a scene of trouble and terror I have seldom witnessed. I hurried with the poor unconscious girl up stairs, laid her upon the bed, shut and bolted the door after me, and hardly expected to find her alive; her pulse however, was calm, as it had been throughout the seizure. The calm of the Dead Sea seemed upon her.

I feel, however, that I should not protract these painful scenes; and shall therefore hurry to their close. The first letter which I had dispatched to Oxford after Mr. N. happened to bear on the outside the words 'special haste!' which procured its being forwarded by express after Mr. N. The consternation with which he res ceived and read it may be imagined. He set off for town that instant in a postchaise and four; but finding their speed insufficient, he took to horseback for the last fifty miles, and rode at a rate which nearly destroyed both horse and rider. Hence his sudden appearance at my house, and the phrenzy of his behaviour. After Miss P. had been carried up stairs, it was thought imprudent for Mr. N. to continue at my house, as he exhibited every symptom of incipient brain fever, and might prove wild and unmanageable. He was therefore moved at once to a house in furnished lodgings. Dr. D. accompa-(Concluded.)

'While yet he spake, there cometh one from the ruler of the synagogue's house, saying to him, Thy daughter is dead;

by and by, to see how my sweet patient when happening to look back, I saw her copiously. I have no doubt that Mr. N. owed his life to that timely measure. He was placed in bed. The property of the recovered sufficiently from the shock is a recovered sufficiently from the shock.

I must see how my sweet patient when happening to look back, I saw her beckoning to me. I returned.

I must see N. this evening!' said

The next evening beheld Dr. D., the Dean of _____, and myself around the _____, as it was growing late, I sent my w

selves to the will of Providence!'

head to foot; but, alas, it was a delu- She must sink, and speedily. She has fell upon her cheek.

foot. We stood gazing at him, as though apprehensive air, 'I have been thinking appearance had petrified us.

Agnes...my Agnes!' he exclaimed, as withstanding the stagnation of her physical powers, her MIND may be sound, and side them !

shall be explained!' said I, approaching sinking his voice to a whisper, 'I know of a case....in fact a friend of mine has just published-in which a woman'made us tremble. He moved towards the There was a faint knocking at the door, chair in which Miss P. lay. I endeavored and I stepped to it, for the purpose of ento interpose, but he thrust me aside. The quiring what was wanted. While I was prised me by its strength and firmness. in the act of closing it again, I overheard Dr. D.'s voice exclaim, in an affrighted tone, 'Great God!' and on turning around "Age 3!' he reiterated, in a hoarse, sep-ulchral whisper, why won't you speak to

The moment before, I had left Miss P. We stood by, watching his movements, m lying in her usual position, and with her ing with convulsive force, and before any have no language to describe. It reminded one could prevent him, or even suspect me of what I had seen when I first discovwhat he was about, he snatched Miss P. ered her in the fit. Blood, too, was stream- it! out of the chair, and compressed her in his ing from her nostrils and mouth-in short, arms with frantic force, while a delirious a more frightful spectacle I never witnessed. laugh burst from his lips. We rushed for- In a moment both Dr. D. and I lost all ward to extricate her from his grasp. His power of motion. Here, then, was the sively. arms gradually relaxed....he muttered, spell broken! The trance over !- I im-Music, music! a dance!' and almost at plored Dr. D. to recollect himself, and con. the moment that we removed Miss P. from duct the Dean from the room, while I him, fell senseless into the arms of the would attend to Miss P. The nurse was organist. Mrs. P. had fainted; my wife instantly at my side, shaking like an aspenseemed on the verge of hysterics; and leaf. She quickly procured warm water, sponges, cloths, &c.; with which she at once wiped away and encouraged the bleeding. The first sound uttered by Miss P. was a long deep-drawn sigh, which seemed to relieve her bosom of an intolerable sense of oppression. Her eyes ing'... gradually closed again, and she moved her head away, at the same time raising her trembling right hand to her face. Again she sighed again opened her eyes, and, to my delight, their expression was more natural than before. She looked languidly about her for a moment, as if examining the bed-curtains-and her eyes closed again. I sent for some weak brandy and water, and gave her a little in a tea spoon. She swallowed it with great difficulty. I ordered some warm water to be got ready for her feet, to equalize the circulation and while it was preparing, sat by her, watching every motion of her features with the most eager anxiety. 'How are She turned languidly towards me, opened

gave me no answer. ' Do you feel pain anywhere?' I enquirbut she did not utter a syllable. Sensible that her exhausted condition required repose, I determined not to tax her newlyrecovered energies; so 1 ordered her a changed upon the subject. within a few doors off, which was let out gentle composing draught, and left her in the care of the nurse, promising to return saying to him, Thy daughter is dead; was placed in bed, put at once under the he recovered summently from the shock was placed in bed, put at once under the he had received, to be able, with Dr. D.'s she, with a solemn emphasis that startled he had received, to be able, with Dr. D.'s assistance, to step into his carriage, leav- me, as if she wished no more to be said.

have marked in italics, my heated fancy als hopes of ultimate recovery?' enquired the whispered, in the faintest possible whisper, violently. while a smile stole over her features. I "I cannot say," I replied with a sigh. did kiss her; and in doing so, my tears she recollect me?"

not received, since she was first seized, as 'Don't cry !' she whispered again, in a I replied. much nourishment as would serve for an tone as feeble as before. She gently moved was heard at the street door, as seemed suddenly, said Dr. D.; 'possibly within cannot express. She noticed my agitation; likely to break it open. Every one start- the next twelve hours; for I cannot un- and the tears came into her eyes, while looks very...very strange! ed up from their knees, as if electrified— derstand how her energies can recover her lip quivered as though she were going it without exhaustion; and lest my presof premature burial in cases like this, said I once more kissed her bade her good wife, pale as ashes—endeavoring to prop will not think of committing her remains compressed mine—and I left her to the took my leave. up the drooping mother of our patient. to the earth, before you are satisfied, be. care of the nurse, with a whispered caution Before any one had stirred from the spot your a doubt, that life is extinct.' I made to step to me instantly if any change took burst open, and in rushed Mr. N., wild ... I could not bear to contemplate such an felt a prodigious burden removed from my mind; and woke my wife, that she might

'Agnes!-Come!' he gasped, while a perfectly conscious of all that has transpirated in the summons during the night; I felt distracted with doubt, and dissatis and on entering her room about nine o'clock | fied with myself for what I had told to N. 'Why-why'-stammered the Dean, in the morning, I found that Miss P. had I felt answerable for whatever ill effects taken a little arrow-root in the course of might ensue: and yet, what could 1 do? the night, and slept calmly, with but few 'Aye !' replied Dr. D., unconsciously intervals. She had sighed frequently; and once or twice conversed for a short time with the nurse about heaven-as I under blue and white, save where the retiring stood. She was much stronger than I had expected to find her. I kissed her, and she asked me how I was-in a tone that sur-'Is the storm over?' she enquired, look-

> ing towards the window. 'Oh yes-long, long ago!' I replied, seeing at once that she seemed to have no consciousness of the interval that had

And are you all well?...Mrs. -

(my wife,) ' how is she?' 'You shall see her shortly.'

'Then no one was hurt? ' Not a hair of our heads !'

' How frightened I must have been!'

'Pho, pho, Agnes! Nonsense! Forget

'Then-the world is not-there has been no...is all the same as it was? she murmured, eyeing me apprehen-

'The world come to an end ... do you mean?' She nodded, with a disturbed air - Oh, no, no! It was merely a thunder-storm.

'And is it quite over and gone?' 'Long ago! Do you feel hungry?' enquired, hoping to direct her thoughts

from a topic I saw agitated her. ' Did you ever see such lightning?' she asked, without regarding my question.

'Why-certainly it was very alarm-' Yes, it was! Do you know, Doctor, she continued, with a mysterious air-' I -I....saw-yes-there were terrible faces

in the lightning' ' Come, child, you rave !' ... They seemed coming towards the world'

Her voice trembled, the color of her face changed.

'Well-if you will talk such nonsense, fetch my wife. Would you like to see

'Tell N. to come to me to-day ... I must and Mr. N. See HIM. I have a message for him!' As they were heard slowly approaching the said this with a sudden energy that the room, I looked anxiously at my patient, ed me. Were her intellects affected?

Before setting out on my daily visits, I stepped into her room, to take my leave. I had kissed her, and was quitting the room saw as trange alteration..... if a cloud

My first visit was to Mr. N., whom I bedside of Agnes. All of us expressed the to bed, and ordered coffee in my study, recovered from his illness, as to be sitting As it was growing late, I sent my wife found in a very weak state, but so much most gloomy apprehensions. The Dean whither I retired, and sat lost in conjecture up, and partially dressed. He was perhad been offering up a devout and most and reverie till nearly one o'clock. I then feculy calm and collected; and, in answer to affecting prayer.

repaired to my patient's room; but my his earnest enquiries, I gave him a full account of the nature of Miss P.'s illness. she is not dead, but sleepeth. And they is in the hands of God! All that man had lasted almost since I had left. As He received the intelligence of the favourlaughed him to scorn, knowing that she can do has been done; let us resign our- soon as I sat down by her, she opened her able change that had occurred, with evieyes-and my heart leaped with joy to see dent though silent ecstacy. After much 'Aye, nothing but a miracle can save their increasing calmness their expres- inward doubt and hesitation, I thought I sion resembling what had oft delighted me, might venture to tell him of the parting.... 'How much longer do you think it pro- while she was in health. After eyeing me the twice repeated request she had made. bable, humanly speaking, that the system steadily for a few moments, she seemed The intelligence blanched his already palcan continue in this state, so as to give suddenly to recognise me. 'Kiss me!' she lid cheek to a whiter hue, and he trembled

' Did you tell her I was in town ? Did

'No one has breathed your name to her!

'Well, Doctor-if, on the whole you her hand into mine, and I clasped the think so-that it would be safe,' said N., to breakfast; the repast was delayed, un-I have an impression that she will die trembling, lilified fingers, with an emotion I after we had talked much on the matter.... der various pretences till the coachman's

Before any one had stirred from the spot on which he was standing, the door was burst anony burst and burst anony burst and burst anony burst anony burst anony burst anony burst anony burst and burst anony burs viously displayed, she again said-

It was evening, ... a mild, though lustrous, July evening. The skies were all sun-light produced a mellow mixture of colours towards the west. Not a breath of air disturbed the serene complacency. My wife and I sat on each side of the bed where lay our lovely invalid, looking, despite of her recent illness, beautiful and in comparative health. Her hair was parted with negligent simplicity over her pale forehead. Her eyes were brilliant, and her cheeks occasionally flushed with colour. She spoke scarce a word to us, as we sat beside her. I gazed at her with doubt and apprehension. I was aware that health could not possibly produce the colour and vivacity of her complexion and eyes; and felt at a loss to what should refer it.

'Agnes, love !-How beautiful is the setting sun! exclaimed my wife, drawing aside the curtains.

'Raise me! Let me look at it!' replied Miss P. faintly. She gazed earnesty at the magnificent object for some minutes; and then abruptly said to me-' He will be here soon?'

'In a few moments I expect him. But -Agnes.... Why do you wish to see him?' She sighed and shook her head.

It had been arranged that Dr. D. should accompany Mr. N. to my house and conduct him up stairs, after strongly enjoining on him the necessity there was for controlling his feelings, and displaying as little emotion as possible. My heart leaped into my mouth—as the saying is—when I heard the expected knock at the door.

' N. is come at last I' said I, in a gentle tone, looking earnestly at her, to see if she was agitated. It was not the case. She sighed, but evinced no trepidation.

' Shall he be shown in at once ?' I end quired.

' No....wait a few moments,' replied the extraordinary girl, and seemed lost in thought for about a minute. ' Now !' she Agnes, I must leave you. I will go and exclaimed; and I sent down the nurse, herself pale and trembling with apprehension, to request the attendance of Dr. D.

you, Agnes?' I whispered, kissing her. surprised me, while her eye brightened as & kept my fingers at her pulse. There was it settled on me. I kissed her and retire not a symptom of flutter or agitation. At her eyes, and shook her head feebly, but ed. The last words surprised and disturb length the door was opened, & Dr. D. slowly entered, with N. upon his arm. As soon How did she know....how did she conject- as his pale trembling figure was visible, a A faint smile stole about her mouth, ure that he was within reach? I took an calm and heavenly smile beamed upon the opportunity of asking the nurse whether countenance of Miss P. It was full of ineffashe had mentioned Mr. N.'s name to ble loveliness! She stretched out her right her, but not a syllable had been inter- arm; he pressed it to his lips, without uttering a word.

> were stealing over her face. I was right! ... We all observed her colour fading rapidly. I rose from my chair; Dr. D. also came nearer, thinking she was on the verge of fainting. Her eye was fixed upon the flushed features of her lover, and gleamed with radiance. She gently elevated both her arms towards him, and he leaned over

> 'PREPARE!' she exclaimed, in a low thrilling tone; -her features became paler -her arms fell. She had spoken...she had breathed her last. She was dead! Within twelve months poor N. followed

> her; and to the period of his death, no other word or thought seemed to occupy his mind but the momentous warning which issued from the expiring lips of Agenes P., PREPARE! I have no mystery to solve, no denoue-

> ment to make. I tell the facts as they occurred: & hope they may not be told in vain!

A TRAVELLER'S TRICK .- During a period of very active opposition between rival coach proprietors one coach stopped 'I will step over and see her; but-it horn announced the moment of departure; in vain the passengers remonstrated against all moved but unhappy Agnes...and stood in silent agitation and astonishment. Still sis!'

Whatever while hay actuate her, I think this precipitate, the paralyto speak. I implored her, however, not to
utter a word, till she was better able to do
the derivative mer in quivered as though so were going in silent agitation and astonishment. Still sis!'

Whatever while hay actuate her, I think this precipitate, the paralyand could not delay. When at length he
utter a word, till she was better able to do
the property of the paralyand could not delay. When at length he
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and could not delay when at length he
to speak. I implored her, however, not to
utter a word, till she was better able to do
the property of the paralyand stood in getting his grumbling Whatever whim may actuate her, I think this precipitancy; he must drive to time, itely worse effects than an interview. How- company together, one gentleman was found 'I have heard some frightful instances ence should tempt her beyond her strength, ever, you shall hear from me again. I will wanting; & on 'mine host' opening the door 'Go-go...See if -stammered my the Dean. 'I hope in Heaven that you night poor slender fingers once more if so, I will step over and tell you.' I ly seated at the deserted table. 'The coach will be off,' exclaimed the landlord. 'And A few moments before stepping down so would I too, could I have got a spoon progress, though slow, seemed sure. I why, where are my spoons. Stop, stop was going to kiss her, before leaving, when coach; Jack, Pat, Joe, run every one of with similar emphasis to that she had pre- you; stop the horses-stop the coach till I get my spoons,' vociferated the landlord; ' Remember! N. must be here to-night!' while struck with consternation, each pas-I was confounded. What could be the senger looked to his neighbour for an exmeaning of this mysterious pertinacity? planation of the scene. In a few minutes

From the London Times.

The total failure of Lord Gosford's mission to the Canadas, long antcipated both here and at the other side of the Atlantic has now been confessed with as little circumlocution as was consistent with public decency on the part of the noble Lord himself, who represents, how adequately is another question, the dignity of the British Crown. The noble Lord has come to the ultima ratio of timid and mediocre minds, between an Executive Government baffled and disappointed, and a body which has turned its legislative rights to no other purposes but those of desperate incorrigible faction. After a short and fruitless effort at pacification, he has prorogued the Assembly of Lower Canada, concluding the speech which form required of him on the occasion with these acknowledgments of an humbled & horhassed spirit ;- 'In taking leave of you, I will only express the hope I am unwilling to forego, that however the political embarrassments of the country may appear to multiply around us, the inherent elements of prosperity & contentment which it contains may triumph over all adventitious causes of difficulty !'

Now, considering what has been the real origin of the difficulties here alluded to ... what were the obvious motives of those who caused them...to what a perverse and malignant point the machinations of the Canadian malcontents have proceeded, and what must be the inevitable consequences of vielding to their demands, we cannot forbear from an expression of astonishment, mingled with no small portion of disdain, at the whining and lacrymose language that has in every instance been resorted to by the Whig Radical Lord Glenelg and his chosen functionaries of the Gosford mission, when the business was to carry on a discussion with factions of Lower Canada upon any of those points wherein the latter strove to encroach upon the paramount rights of England, or to insult and intimidate her councils.

Sir F. Head got nothing from the seditious clique of Upper Canada but impertinence, so long as he kept minuet an equal indulgence be extended to the dancing and bowing to 'conciliate' them; Crown debtors in the Townships as was whereas the moment he began to display recently obtained by the Crown censitaires the spirit of an Englishman, and to lay of Quebec? Why cannot delay be granted about him with those weapons which the to the Township settlers, similar to that laws of England and the national honour repeatedly given to those entitled to lands had placed in his hands, the people of the for their Militia services during the last province took their tone from the King's war? We are no friends to an useless or Governor...they treated the enemies of uncalled for extension of credit, but there for their representatives in the Legislature can have no control, which may prevent well affected and loyal men.

be the nature or tendency of a demand exercised in distinguishing between those made by a colony upon the mother counts who are willing or unwilling to pay their ry, it is fair and reasonable to let the thing just debts. develope itself clearly, and thus bring the weight of public opinion to bear eventual-cheats, it is much to be regretted that this ly upon the party in the wrong.

end in view was palpable. A particular existence, and apparently for no other obfaction, alien to England, conspired with ject than to afford a salary to a Commisthose at home who were not her friends, sioner and a Clerk. An attempt was made for what amounted on the face of it to a to escheat some lands, but a primary objecfinal overthrow of the supreme dominion tion was started to the Commissioner, of this country over Canada, by a usurpa whose authority was resused, on the ground legislative authority. Nor was the project determined pecuniary interest, in pronounwhat it still bears among ourselves. Un- judgment would be suspected of bias. Wheder pretence that the Legislative Council ther the objection be valid in reality, we of Lower Canada did not represent the feel- will not pretend to determine, but in prinings of the country, by which the conspir- ciple it is correct; and if the court as at ators meant their own feelings; that the present constituted cannot proceed to the Legislative Council set itself up in oppo- exercise of functions necessary for the insition to the public voice, by which they terests of the Province, a change ought to meant their own clamour; and that it rejected measures which were called for by legislative council should no longer be ap- indulgence of Government without complypointed by the Crown, but should be nom- ing with any one of the promises under disaffected rabble which they had themselves to see these tracts escheated to the Crown, inflamed, corrupted and sborned. It is not or a tax imposed as in Upper Canada Couillard, second mate, Samuel Presson, become of the executive power, and what ment duties are performed a state of utter slavery and degradation it must soon be reduced to, with one house of representatives, & another of councelors the Lieutenant Governor this day opened passing bills of which the main and sole the Session of the legislature with the folobject would be to distroy every vestige of lowing British sovereignty over one of the finest countries on earth, and to establish a per- Mr. President, and Honorable Geentlemen fect legal subjection of the English race by whose invincible bravery it was conquered, to a mixed and foreign one, unable of Assembly;

The bark Mexico, Captain Gillet, or according to others, Winslow, from Liverpool to New York, went ashore about through any nobler instrument than that of hypocritical and deceitful turbulence to Majesty's Government, I have called you instant, on Hempstead Beach, L. I., and recover its lost dominion.

Lords at home springs from the same self- year, in order to lay before you, as I am and sixteen persons, (crew included) of ish and desperate profligacy, made more directed to do, with as little delay as prac- whom one HUNDRED AND NINE have met ble in the Canada machination. In both Casual and Territorial Revenue, copies of vertiser.

The following particulars are gleaned from the Adents are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tender regard for ments are soon doffed, to be replaced by such that Casual and tend

phatic reprobation. The country, how- his Majesty's dominions. perated host he said, 'look into the tea-pot the trusts, and secure the interests, which are so miserably compremised by the feebleness to which they have been commit- and such other papers as may be necessated.

From the Montreal Gazette.

We would direct the especial attention of those interested in the Townships to the notice proceeding from the Crown payment of the usual instalments are to Revenue. be most rigorously exacted during each Mr. President, and Honorable Gentlemen year, otherwise the settler must run the the Crown's claim, according to the conditions of the license of occupation. No reasonable objection can be raised to the strict and complete fulfilment of the conditions of any bargain solemnly made, nor can the parties interested complain of the exercise of certain stipulations, into which they may have entered without proper consideration of their capacity to meet the obligation. But while the terms of a liwho labors by the sweat of his brow to Message during the Session. improve the lot he has purchased at a Crown Land sale, whose exertions are freely given for the amelioration and imbeen employed in obtaining the soil he cultivates, with the flattering hope in after years of extinguishing the balance of his purchase money-why, we say, should such an individual be treated rigorously, when the proprietors of large tracts of thousands of acres are allowed to enjoy their property, in defiance of the terms of their patents, which oblige them to perform settlement duties,-to the injury of the country, by retarding its general improvement....to the detriment of their neighbors who may have strictly fulfilled their obligations ... and to the encouragement of a sordid feeling of accumulating property on any terms? Why should not the system of escheats be a strictly enforced against patentees, who can well afford to lose lands for which they paid little or no consideration, as against the humble individual, who may be summarily deprived of his improvements, under the condition of a license of occupation? Why should not England as their enemies, and returned are circumstances over which the settlers them complying with their engagements, While it is still a question what may and some discretion ought certainly to be

establishment is not more effectual in its But in this case, from the outset, the operations. For many years it has been in tion into their own hands of the entire that, as Auditor of Land Patents, he had a assumed in Canada very different from cing for an escheat, and that therefore his inated by popular election—that is, by a which they have obtained them. We hope very difficult to guess, therefore, what would upon all wild land, upon which no settle-

Fredericton, Dec. 20 His Excellency

together at this unusual, and, I fear, to soon after bilged and filled. She was 69 The factious outery against the house of many of you, inconvenient season of the days out, and had on board one hundred

a crowd had collected around the carriage, speaks, in the name and in contempt of which shall be communicated at an early

laid before you, as soon as possible, but as the close of the year is so near at hand, it will perhaps be desirable that they should he made up, as usual, at that period.

The Reports from the Treasurer, up to Lands Office. It would appear that the this time, shew a satisfactory state of the

of the Legislative Council;

risk of having his lot sold for the benefit of Mr Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly;

It affords me great satisfaction to ob-Province, notwithstanding some temporary checks, which it is to be feared it may receive from the insufficiency of the crops during the last season, seems to be steadily advancing, and have little for me to the providing for the ordinary services of forced against the hardy and active settler, nor importance will be communicated by

Toronto, (Royal Standard) Dec. 24. Mr. Mackenzie's petition to the House provement of a country he has adopted as to dispense with the standing order, by his home-whose hard-earned means have which notice must be given within a certain number of days, of an intention to contest an election, as applicable to himhave occupied the attention of the House ciates in crime, and detail conversations their mutual r espectability and prosperity, as the at least a month. Its members have wise vestigate the validity of the votes, & Messrs the Department, who feared the disclosure richer, for poorer.' They cannot separate, with-Spragge, Small and Clark Gamble, have of great frauds-and that, being a good out a flagrant breach of the law of God. For this been appointed for this purpose. Will Mr. deal of a chemist, he could very easily, and however, some would not have much regard; but Mackenzie give the usual securities required for defraying the expense of the

scrutiny? We think not. The House has reflected great credit to itself for entertaining this petition at all, it was not the object, or expectation of the petitioner that it would have done so he supposed that the feelings of disgust towards him which exist in the minds of every conservative man, and of some even of the radicals themselves would have induced them at once to put the extinguisher upon his petition by pleading the standing orders of the House; but its members had too much discretion, they all understood the game this man was playing and determined to beat him by a straight forward line of conduct which cannot be mistaken by any one whether Tory or Radical-for ourselves we sincerely hope he will find the required security and go into the scrutiny, because we well know what will be the result, but he will not do so if he could, which ever course he takes, will end in his total defeat; and he has been ill advised in making the effort; he was already down as low as his greatest political enemy wished him to be, but he will be now so much more prostrated as to be below contempt—he will even command our cuniary nature, would be a security against please, to succor and to honor.

UNITED STATES.

Dreadful Shipwreck .- Loss of the Brig Gambia,' of New York .- The big Gambia, which sailed from this port for Lisbon,

toes, and no water.

cut up for food!

On the night of the 22d the remainder all in all to each other. and landed in Boston.

Andrew Smith, and A. Smith.

Those drowned were, Capt. French, M. Jordan, mate, and John Dean, passenger. Jacobs, the cook, Andrew Paterson, Alexander, died from fatigue and hunger. tobacco .- N. Y. Com. Advertiser.

In obedience to the commands of his half-past four on Tuesday morning the 3d

She arrived off the bar on Sunday mor- ture unexpectedly found to occupy their place, in ning, fired a signal of three guns for a pi- either the one or the other, which beget and cher-The arrangements proposed by his Ma- lot, and fired five guns in the afternoonthat all the passengers should be searched authority which they seek to overturn, jesty's Government, and which are partice there were in sight at the time eight or with the assistance of his party. He was and to supersede a system of just and user about commencing his operation, when out ful government by one of wretched ignorabout commencing his operation, when out ful government by one of wretched ignorvolve questions in which the welfare of ships Montreal & Geo. Washington, asked manifest the discrepancy in their character, by the Province is materially concerned; and the former assistance, but they were unabreakfast table, who immediately demanded Lord Gosford and his colleagues, who I therefore have to express my hope, that ble to afford any—saw a steam boat come what was the matter. 'Matter!' roared must have discerned the true character of you will give the subject that calm consid- out and return, and made a signal of dis what was the matter. Matter I roated the Canadian conspiracy from the first, eration which its importance demands; and tress to her which was not answered. The maintaining one uniform government at the fire of a dozen of silver spoons by some of your might, it is certain, have uncloaked it more that the result of your deliberations may vessel struck at five miles from the Pavilrascally company...and your blackguard promptly and skilfully, and have now destend to the advancement and permanent lion, near the wreck of the Bristol—she From the beginning of such a division, the nearest lion, near the wreck of the Bristol—she lion is the lion of the li nounced it with more vigorous and em- benefit of this rising and happy portion of was laden with iron and crates...she soon afterwards bilged and the sea broke over The beginning of strife, says Solomon, is as ever, is awake, and will execute for itself Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House her...an attempt was made to escape in the boats of the vessel....but the hawser to of Assembly;
I shall direct the Treasurer's accounts, which the long boat was attached parted which the long boat was attached parted.

The small it. If the spirit of 'strife' be not repressed at and the boat drifted ashore. The small ry for your information, to be prepared and boat was capsized. When our informant the beginning, jars, divisions, contentions and left the beach, there had not been any person drowned, and up to ten o'clock in the mutual love, and mutual affection ought to occus evening it was not known that any had py. Two modes of governing the fire side will be perished. Several attempts were made to set up by those who had professed to be no longer go to the relief of the sufferers without 'twain,' but' one flesh,' and each head is strensuccess. At eight on Wednesday morn- uous to maintain its own authority, and eager to ing the ship had not gone to pieces. Both masts were cut away. No person was seen is sure to displease the other. Where the unhapupon the wreck, and the presumption was that all was lost, but there was nothing known positively of their fate at that time More than half the passengers were woserve, that the general prosperity of the men and children.....the passengers principally were from the north of Ireland.'

Those saved are, the Capt, Mr. Broome, a young man a relative of Mr. S. Broome, the owner, John Francis, and John Hanson, seaman, the former a Frenchman and the gift of memory as will recal the griefs of recommend to your consideration; beyond the latter a Hamburgian; Edward Felix, vesterday, that recriminations, hasty expressions, colored cook, John Woods, tailor, Exeter, cense of occupation are so rigorously en- the province; some few particulars of mi- England; Richard Hynes, or Owens, and know they never have, give ease to the bleeding Thomas Mullahan of Ireland; the three heart. last passengers. All of them, except the Captain and young man, are in the hospital, badly frost bitten .- Mt. Herald.

> Trial of the Whites .- From the testimony of two witnesses in the trial of the Whites for the burning of the Treasury Department, it appears they are desperate characters. These witnesses are assoand confessions of the prisoners, who said heads of a family. This is their wisdom. They they were offered a large sum to destroy are united together, 'for better, for worse, for in many ways, produce combustion. He it happens that they cannot separate and retain further declared (alluding to the attempt) what they would fain retain, except under pethat he had a number of agents at his com- culiar circumstances, a respectable standing in mand, some of whom would be ready to society. 'What God hath joined together, let no commit murder, at his discretion, and for a very small compensation. I think he said fifteen dollars was the price of a man's life. It is sworn that he laid ont his plan confirm that positive testimony as to the ces which show that White is a very desthe lack of sufficient inducement of a petheir committing the most audacious crimes. _N. Y. Fvening Star.

For the Missiskoui Standard. THE FIRE SIDE. No. 6.

ish the ingredients essential to the formation of a pear that that they are ' unequally yoked.'

When the case is so, there will, instead of of the family may be Considered as almost hopeless. when one letteth out water : therefore leave off encroach on that of the other. What pleases one py spirit of 'strife' has obtained a lodgement, you would think that contradiction was the only sort of conversation that gave satisfaction. Now a very small share of common sense, if they hardly had the faculty of reflection, should convince them that every city or house divided against itself shall not stand :' and their own experience should convince them, if they have so much of & spiteful contradictions, never can, because they

The inference from these positions is no less obvious than it is rational and just, that husband and wife are bound by the ties of a relationship, the most tender and endearing, by the considerations of interests which embrace the present and the future, through all eternity, to be as much as possible of one MIND, in all their pursuits, to promote the comfort and happiness of each other, man put asunder.'

In the marriage connexion, all that seems to be necessary to make it the happiest state which this which was to go to Washington, to take sinful, transitory life can afford is a mutual desire a house and wife, and to live like a gen. and a real willingness to practise what each of tleman, as he alleged that many persons were in the practice of going to Washington, and setting up for gentlemen and be- High. The husband must not only love; he ing introduced into genteel society, without any questions being asked. The without any questions being asked. The without provide for her comfort and happiness, to ness (Hicks) swears to another conversa- the best of his power, not only when the sun tion after the burning had been perpetra- of prosperity shines, but also when the storms of ted, in which White admits that he had adversity frown, upon them. His own voluntary thing beyond his expenses by it; that he should thus treat his wife. The terms of his enset fire to the papers. Other witnesses, although they do not, so far as I heard, also the manner, and temper, of the performance, which is not to be done from a cold, unfeeling admission of the act, testify to circumstan- heart as to an object for which he has no affection -not as matter of necessity, or of legal obligation, perate character, and leagued with a very which he would gladly shun if he could, but wile dangerous set of men, and that nothing but lingly, cheerfully and affectionately, as to one whom he loves, and whom he truly delights to

The wife, on the other hand, is also guarded and bound from taking an undue what her husband is bound to do for her, by obligations of a reciprocal nature, solemnly laid upon herself. She is not, therefore, to sit down in her The government of the fire side little society easy chair, and act on the conclusion, as if fairly night of the 19th, while lying too in a is, generally speaking, in the hands of two per-drawn from unquestionable premises, that, if she gale of wind in the gulf. The captain, sons, the husband and the wife. These are sup do nothing, her husband is bound to provide for first mate, and a passenger were in the posed to be united together in mutual love, affecting, her has promised to 'serve him' not indeed cabin at the time and were drowned. The tion and esteem. They come together at first as a slave serving a master or a tyrant, but as survivors, seven in number, clustered as with the profession that they are, solemnly her husband, her best friend, and her lover. She round the forecastle, the only part out of made, each one to the other, before God, and a has engaged to 'cherish' and 'to keep him is water, and lasted themselves to the bitts. 'congregation of their neighbors. The husband sickness and in health.' In our country which is Here for three days and nights they promises on his part 'to love, comfort, honor and were exposed to the peltings of the storm, with nothing to eat here a few raw potential to eat here a fe with nothing to eat but a few raw potasake all others. The wife then promises to 'obey dustrious. If, then, the husband must work in At this period two of the crew died, & him, and serve him, love, honor and keep him in the field, or in the shop, the wife as far as she is the cabin boy died raving mad, and to satisfy the cravings of hunger, the boy was renounce all others for her sake, so she binds her pare, or procure, and bring home the flour, and self to reciprocate the obligation, that they may be the meat, and the tea, and the sugar—if he must procure and bring home the various articles that nothing but their own selfish interests.

Townships, held by those who have availed these rebels in heart cried loudly that the themselves freely of the once unbounded ing the main top, saw a vessel to leeward, at the unity of design and purpose which is here. ing the main top, saw a vessel to leeward, at the unity of design and purpose which is here she must do her part at home to arrange and which proved to be the ship New Form which proved to be the ship New England, on heard of which they were taken land, on board of which they were taken poses an agreement in principles, inclinations, herself, bake the flour into palatable bread—cook tastes and pursuits. Without this agreement, as the meat and the sauce and make of them a dish The names of the survivors are, Joseph the result of sufficient acquaintance with each other, prior to their union, the 'love' and 'honor' assistance, unless she has a machine and a dog, mutually promised and stipulated, cannot be expected to be of long duration, 'Love' that has when these rich productions of the gentle cow are respect only to personal appearance, figure, com-Seaman, and a Portuguese boy, named plexion, a pleasant voice, agreeable manners in helpmeet of the industrious husbandman, O, with company, without knowing that they are equally what heartfelt pleasure she views the labors of The Gambia was laden with rice and agreeable at the fireside; or to dress, color of the her hands, and prepares the clean, sweet butter, her hands, and prepares the clean, sweet butter, hair, roseate hue of the cheek, or to the expectation of property, without sufficient regard to mora for her neatly laid table! She has also to keep al principles and qualities, the temper and disposition of the house in order, neat and clean, without much sition of the heart, education, character and con help, until, if God has blessed her with girls of nexions, will soon be in danger of losing its ardor, her own, they are so grown as to take upon them and then for want of something more precious a part of the daily task. And when her husband, and lasting than mere beauty and superficial qualities, any other result may be expected than a field, wet, cold and fatigued, she receives himsettling down into the quiet, placid contentment not with scowling looks, but with a cheerful, enof mutual affection and esteem. The feelings of couraging, soothing voice of kindness, dear and young love, in a well matched couple, will soon welcome to his heart. The cold, dripping gar. odious through the comparative magnitude of the evil to be wrought by it, as is visiafter the blessing of the bountiful giver of all good is invoked, to the frugal, social, friendly meal, without the sparkling, maddening juice of the vine, or of the still, but only that drink which God has provided for all, pure from the fountain or running stream , and rise cheerful, refreshed, and thankful to the giver of all which they enjoy. She makes the best use she can of all that he brings into the house, and shuns the negligence which never fails to bring in its train the rapacity of squandering and waste. In one word, the prudent, discreet wife makes the fireside, what It ought to be, a comfortable and attractive home. 'All ye,' then, 'that are married, or that intend to take the holy estate of Matrimony upon you, do not slight the well-meant lucubrations of one who has grown old in the pleasing 'yoke.' O ye, old cheerless bachelors, know not what happiness ye have lost through your own selfishness and ye, sour, crabbed, churlish, husbands, if any such cast a glance on my HOME SPUN columns, who may have better wives than ye deserve, and know not how to appreciate their worth, I leave you to your own thoughts.

To the Editor of the Missiskoui Standard. Sir,-Believing that the Constitutionalists of Missiskoui are waiting anxiously the result of the contest now going on in this county, I hasten to apprise them through the medium of your valuable journal, that our election is getting on well -the cause of the Constitutionalises will be triumphant. Dr. Colby was 72 ahead of Child's dupe, at the close of the Poll last night, (Thursday, the 12th inst.,) and there can be no doubt

of the result. The triumvirate junto, who came here to assist our worthy Townsman Marcus, in compelling the Electors of this County to wear the Papineau collar a further length of time, have all decamped, quite chop fallen. It was in contemplation to have given certain Gentlemen a warm reception at Hatley; and had they not very prudently left, the farce which actually took place at Magog, might have been acted over again, notwithstanding the high price of Tar & Feathers. Dr. O'Callaghan, will no doubt, give a corruption-Land Company influence, &c. We shall most probably hear a repetition of Papineau's fish hag' addressed to the West Ward Electors,' through the columns of the Vindicator.

Tas (Gentlemen?) in livery from Missiskoui, left several days before O'Callaghan, and was minas a Buffalo Skin. Would it not have been better justice, if, instead of the Buffalo Skin, he had lost the skin of another animal?

Perhaps it would be well for these travelling renegades to take the hint, and leave the Township yeomanry to manage their own affairs in

They will find, whatever our political creed same kind of dictation, which is imposed upon the Seigniorial habitan.

Marcus, the dear man, is in a dreadful ragehe pledged himself to resign if Dr. Colby was returned as a member. Time will determine how far he will redeem his pledge. I will write you again as soon as the election

has terminated in the interior. I am sir, your obedient serv't,

AN ELECTOR. N. B. Please send us a few extra numbers of the Standard.

Stanstead, 13th Jan., 1837.

MISSISKOUI STANDARD.

FRELIGHSBURG, JAN. 10, 1837.

We are still in the dark, respecting what measures may be in contemplation for the settlement of our Provincial affairs. Wait a little. The plot of the drama is developing. Some of the leading journals of England have openly proclaimed to their countrymen, that the expedition of Lord Gosford and his Colleagues, on a voyage of Colony to be governed.

The scheme of conciliation failed. We trust the people of England will inquire February next. what the scheme was, what it purposed to accomplish, and by what means.

His Excellency's answer to the Petitioners, in behalf of the Censitaires of the King's Forces in the Canadas; of course the knowlhigh degree. On reading it, the first tho't the Post-office, occasioned some speculathat struck us was that, like other concilliberal and humane on the part of the Government. In a hard year like the present, the relief afforded thereby, is immense. But, like all other benevolent acts of our Parent Government, we fear, it will also be lavished on an ungrateful people.

We have seen a notice from Mr. John Davidson, saying that all persons who were in arrears on the 3Ist Dec. last, for instalments or quit rents on Crown Lands, will

At the next annual sale, lots, upon which, arrears are due, as above, are to be the first put up to sale. Many, undoubt. edly, will find it extremely hard to make out their instalments and arrears of quit rent, in consequence of the badness of the season, failure of the crops, &c. Will our conciliating Governor be as liberal in remitting the dues upon Crown Lands in the Townships, as he has been with the Mons. Censitaires? Or is it so necessary that the pockets of the Receiver of Rents should be replenished, that the people of the Townships must submit to the sacrifice? If the people of the Townships are in need of lenity in this matter, let a petition be circulated, praying for a remission of a part of the dues to the Crown, and an extension of time for the payment of the remainder. The precedent of the remission has been fairly established, and the people of the Townships have as much right to the benefit of it as the Seigniorial habitans.

We would call the attention of our readers to the just and candid observations of the Montreal Gazette, upon this subject, which will be found in another colemn.

On Friday morning, when the sun was just rising, as we say here, behind the Pinnacle Mountain, we observed a most beautiful column, ascending in the sky, in a straight line above the rays of the sun. which exhibited in great brilliancy, all the colours of the rainbow. We would call it a rainbow, but for want of its characteristic curve. In every other attribute the similarity was truly striking. The morning was clear, except a little haze in the eastern horizon. The cold increased in the terrible account to his Lord and Master, of Tory course of the day, till the mercury, at nine in the evening, fell to 20° below 0. On Saturday morning, after an intensely cold night, the very unusual spectacle was presented to those who have Thermometersthat of witnessing the mercury down to 36° below 0 on Fahrenheit.

We would here mention for the information of the curious that, in very cold weather, the mercury falls lower in this section of the country, than it does in Quebec or Montreal. Why it does so, we may be, that we shall not tamely submit to the have not skill enough to determine. We think, however, that it must be colder at these cities than here, though it should be from no other reason than that we suffer very much from the cold in going to either place. Who ever found the commons of Lapairie but intensely cold? Can our instruments be entirely wrong? Does the fluid, from some cause or other, not contract in the tube, in the Cities, as it does in the open air, far from the busy hum

W. H. GRIFFIN, Esq, Post Office Surveyor, has recently visited this section of the Province and established the following mail routes, viz. A route leading from Churchville via. Shefford west Church to Waterloo, intersecting the Montreal and Stanstead Mail.

Whipple Wells, Esq. is appointed P. M. for Farnham.

A route is also established from Fre conciliation to Lower Canada, has turned lighsburg through the Eastern Parish of out to be a 'total failure.' We are glad St. Armand to Mr. Frary's in Sutton; that the people of England are likely to thence across Sutton Mountain to South have their eyes opened, so as to see our Potton, to Mr. Elkin's; thence by Mr. unhappy position and the manner in which Coit's to Mr. Manson's Mills. Gilbert Lord Glenelg directs the affairs of the Frary is to be Post Master for Sutton Frary is to be Post Master for Sutton and Mr. Wood for Potton. These routes are to go into operation on the 6th of Dwelling House in Freligesburg, sell at

Sir John Colborne - By the English November mail, from Halifax, a box was received, addressed to Lieut. General Sir John Colborne, commanding his Majesty's Domain, as published in the last Standard, edge that a package of such a size had is indulgent and conciliatory, in a very been forwarded, at such a season, through tion as to its contents. We can now gratify our readers by stating, that it enclosed iatory measures, it actually offered premithe Ribbon and Insignia of the Grand ums to remissness; but by the time we Cross of the Hanoverian Guelphic Order, reached the end, we learned that the in- which has been conferred upon Sir John in the most flattering manner; being an dulgence is suspended on proper conditions, in the most national distinction never before bestowed honorary distinction never before bestowed which must be fulfilled in order to give it on any officer of his Army rank, (his step on any officer of his Army rank, (his step on any officer of his Army rank, (his step on any officer of his Army rank, (his step of his Arm effect. The offer made to remit one third of Lieutenant General being only local.) of the arrears, on condition that the re- We further hear that this mark of His mainder shall be paid in two years, is most Sovereign's favour has been accompanied by the most gracious expression of the Royal satisfaction, at the gallant General's firm and judicious conduct in the invidious task imposed upon him, of administering his Majesty's Government in Upper Canada. - [Quebec Mercury.]

By the Glasgow Courier of 17th November we learn, that the University of Glass gow, after having for twenty years chosen whig-rectors, had by a majority of 321 to 221 conferred the rectorship on Sir Robert Peel. The change is the more striking be subject to the strict observance of the and the more gratifying, inasmuch as Sir conditions contained in the license of occu- Robert's rival was Sir John Campbell, Lord Melbourne's Attorney General. By the

same journal of 22d November, we are informed of Sir Robert's acceptance of the honor .- Mont. Her.

From Florida The army under command of General Jesup left Volusia on Monday the 12th instant, with 10 days provisions. The march is upon the Wahoo swamp, where it is supposed the hostile Indians are determined to make a last desperate stand. If the information obtained from the Indian prisoner, taken by General Jesup can be relied on, the Wahoo swamp is Oseola's fortress-his last strpng hold -which he, with his men, 180 in number, are determined to defend or to die in the which they offer very low for ready pay.

H. & C. A SEYMOUR.

His fortress is impenetrable says the Indian prisoner, except in two places-one of which will require rafts the other can be forded-and both of them are very dife ficult and dangerous passes. These Oseola intends to defend, and he has erected fortifications for their defence. General Jesup proceeds to these two points, where there will probably be hard fighting before the passes are forced. But how long can such a handful of men hold out against an army of two thousand? Let there advantage of position be ever so great.... the passes ever so difficult-the rude fortifications such an enemy can erect must be swept away and they, either slain, or forced to seek refuge in the everglades.

The amount of information derived from the Indian prisoners seems to be this, as near as we can learn—that Oseola and 180 of his warriors are alone in the Wahoo swamp....that Philip, Jumper, and Micanopy and their men, were at the battle on the 21st ult. but have retired south. That Oseola has two kegs of powder, Philip has one, Micanopy one and half, and Jumper but half a keg.

That it was jumper's warriors who hung so long upon our settlements in this vicini--and that his men are nearly all killed. Twenty-five were killed in the battle of San Felasco. In the battle of Wahoo swamp, he says there were 50 killed and NEW YORK & MONTREAL sick (sick, meaning wounded) that Jumper sent to Philip, at his town, for powder and more men, but got neither.

Now, all this may be so, and as it is derived from a captive enemy, it is at least liable to suspicion .- Jucksonville Courier.

LIST OF LETTERS. Remaining in the Post Office FRELIGHSBURG.

Jan. 16th, 1837.

St. Armand Mrs Dorothea L. Appleton George Cook
J. T. Prentiss
Nathan Stevens Walter Farnum
Seneca Paige
Isaac Stevens
George Leathart
Mrs. Mary Whitaker Catharine Henderson
Bandana Smith
J. CHAMBERLIN, P. M.

LIST OF LETTERS Remaining in the Post Office at PHILIPSBURG,

at the close of the last quarter. St. Armand,

Mr. A. Hungarford, Edward H. Hunter, Mary L, Hawley, Joseph Gosselin, Miss Nancy Gibson, Mr. John Irish, Edward H. Hunter, Mary L, Hawley, Joshua Hessiman, Daniel Guthrie, Daniel Guthrie,
Miss Ellen Murday,
James S. Mayne,
Thomas Whaley,
Isaac Taber,
Henry Toof,
Robbert Burley,
William Crossett,
Margaret Proper,
Francis Gokey,

Gath, a tanner, Ebinezer Hill, Mr. Fredk McRae, Mr. Fredk McRac Moses Wells, John Thomson, Frederick Vincent, Nathan Darling, Lyman Cushing, John Callaghan, Thomas O'Brien, H. N. MAY, P. M.

Philipsburg, Jan. 7th, 1837.

Married. On the 10th inst., at Trinity Church, by the Rev. J. Reid, Mr. Barnabus Sornberger to Miss Dorinda Baker, both of Stanbridge.

Notice.

Public Auction,

3 fine Blooded Colts,

from one to three years old, 1 good Cow,

1 excellent Horse Sleigh,

1 Buffalo Robe,

1 superior Gig and Harness,

1 one Horse Cart, 1 Box Stove and Pipe,

1 Fanning Mill,

with extra Seives for separating grain, a variety of HOUSEHOLD

Furniture,

and various other articles too numerous to men

Sale at 10 o'clock, A. M. JOHN BAKER. Frelighsburg, 10th Jan., 1837.

N. B. All persons indebted to the subscriber are requested to make immediate payment.

To H. & C. A. SEYMOUR.

GENTLEMEN,—Your Notice in the Standard of the 3d instant, in which my name is inserted, requires some attention from me. It would seem to the public, that I had been guilty of colsecting and converting to my own use, some of your money or property; if this be your allusion, I take the liberty of denying the existence of any such fact, and call on you to adduce one instance since I left your employ.

N. B. No Gouging.

N. B. No Gouging. Frelighsburg, January 10th, I837.

Notice.

out delay.

Notes that are due will be put in a way of collection if not taken up soon.

They also caution the public to do no business with J. W. MORRILL on their account. They would inform the public that they have on

hand a good assortment of FUR and WOOL

Frelighsburg, Dec. 30th, 1836.

MISS A. P. CHADBORN,

Milliner &

Dress-Maker,

EGS leave to inform the public, that she has taken a room at P. CROSS'S Inn, where she will hold herself in readiness to accommodate such individuals as may favor her with their patronage. All work done to order, and on low and reasonable terms. Frelighsburg, January 17th, 1837. V2-41tf

Notice.

CHELSEA & GREENWICH Pensioners residing in the Township of Shefford and Sherbrooke are hereby informed that a Commissariet Officer will be at Frost Village, on Tuesday, the 10th January, 1837, for the purpose of identifying and paying them.

Commissariet.

Commissariet, Montreal, 17th Dec., 1836. V2 38-2W

Otter, South Sea Seal, Nutre, Seal and Jenett Caps, Boas, Ruffs, Tippets, Jenett Collars and Gloves, Buffalo Robes, &c. &c. &c., for sale by

w. w. smith. Missiskoui Bay, Dec. 6th, 1836.

Bushels St. Ubes SALT also

general assortment of Dry Goods,

Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Iron, Nails, Oil, Glass, &c. &c., Just received and for sale by RUSSELL & ROBERTS.

Notice.

UST received by the schooner Malvina, a large supply of

Sheet-Iron,

of the first quality for making Stoves and Stove-Pipes, of which article the Subscriber has a large supply constantly on hand, and intends to sell for Cash as low as can be bought in Town or any JOHN DEATH.

Philipsburg, Dec. 12th, 1836

Lisbon Salt!

in fine condition, just Landed from on board th Schooner Malvina—likewise aquantity of blown SALT, a heavy Stock of general

Merchandize,

and for sale Wholesale & Retail by

W. W. SMITH. Missiskoui Bay, 23d Nov., 1836.

Just Received. Y the Schooner Malvina, a large assortment

Iron, Steel,

Wrought, Cut, and Horse

Nails; Salt, Cod Fish;

Sheet Iron, Stove Pipe; 24, 27, & 30 inch Single

STOVES:

Oils, Paints, Soap, Candles; Salaratus, Teas, Snuff, Tobacco; 7 1-2 by 8 1-2, 7 by 9 and 10 by 12 Window Glass; Sole and Upper Leather, Boots and Shoes; Shovels, Spades, Rope, Batting, Wadding, Cotton Yarn Horse Blankets; Raisins, Horehound Candy, &c. &c.

For sale VERY CHEAP, by MUNSON & CO. Philipsburg, Nov. 22, 1836. 33-tf,

THE Subscribers offer the following articles for sales at a moderate A S the Subscribers are closing their business in St. Armand, they request all persons who have open accounts with them to settle withprevious to receiving their Spring importations.

Cloths,

various qualities and colors.
Pilot Cloths, Mohair Coatings, Paddings, Guernsey Frocks, Irish Knit 1-2 Hose,

general assortment of Hosiery and Gloves, Buckskins, Flannels, Cassinets, Moreens, Shalloons, Merinoes, Bombazeens, Bombazetts, Lastings, light and dark fancy Vestings, Counterpanes, Hossacks, Gros-de-Naples, Crapes, Velvets & Velveteens, Ribbons, Sewing Silks & Twists, Grey Domestic Cotton, Beetle and Loom Shirtings, Cotton Ticks, light and dark Prints, Chalis dress Patterns, Checked Poplins Silk and Cotton Umbrellas, Parasols, Fancy Silk Handkerchiefs, Apron Checks, two Blue and Turkey Stripes and Checks, Britannias and fancy pocket Handkerchiefs, Bark Silk do. Cambrics, Jaconets, Mull and Book Muslins, Widows Lawn, Plain and figured Bobbinet, L'Isle and Bobbinet Laces, Quillings, Linen and Union drills, Table Covers, Hats, Braces, Stocks, Writing Paper, Sealing Wax, Threads, Spool Cottons, Buttons and Cotton Balls. TERMS—6 months credit on furnishing approved paper.—For a note @ 3 months, 2 1-2 per cent, discount & 5 per cent, allowed for cash. MITTLEBERGER & PLATT.

Montreal, 21st Dec., 1836. V2 39-6w NEW STORE

AND New Firm!

HE subscribers have taken the store at Cooksville, St. Armand, formerly occupied by Geo. Cook, Esq., where they have just receiv ep a new assortment of Goods, consisting of

Dry Goods,

Groceries, Crockery and Hardware, Salt, Glass, Nails, etc. etc.

and almost every article called for in a country Store. The above goods will be sold at very reduced prices. The Public are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. Ashes and most kinds of Produce received in

exchange for Goods at fair prices.

A. & H. ROBERTS.

Cooksville, Dec. 6, 1836.

Just Received,

30 chests Y. H. Tea,

25 do. H.S. 15 do. Souchang do.

10 do. Hyson do.

25 Bags Rio Coffee,

25 Kegs Tobacco,

15 Boxes Saunders Cavendish do.

6 Kegs Ladies Twist do.

20 Bags Pepper and Pimento,

40 Matts Capia, 2 Tons Trinedad Sugar,

2,000 Wt. Double Refined Loaf Sugar,

end a variety of articles not enumerated, for sal W. W. SMITH. Dec. 6, 1836. V2-35t

Notice. HE Subscribers would say to their friends

and the public, that they are receiving from New York, a general assortment of Dry Goods

Groceries, Crockery & Hardware,

which they offer for sale, at reduced prices for Brown and Loaf Sugars, Salaratus. Teas.

Cash; or most kinds of Country produce, at their Store in West Berkshire, Vt. Those wishing to make good bargains will do well to call and examne for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

CHAFFEE & BURLESON. West Berkshire, Nov. IIth 1836.

Notice.

HE subscribers have received by the lat fall arrivals, a general assortment of DRY GOODS, adapted for the winter & early spring trades, including Flannels, Merinoes, Circassians, Shalloons, Bombazettes, Padding, Grey Cottons, Shalloons, Bombazettes, Padding, Grey Cottons, Moleskins, White Shirtings, Scotch Hollands, Navy Blue, Mourning and Dark Fancy Prints, Lambs' Wool Shirts and Drawers, Lambs' Wool, Worsted, Merino, and Mohair Hosiery, and a general assortment of SMALL WARES.

ALSO

20 bales of COTTON YARN, assorted in bales of 300 lbs.

bales of 300 lbs.

ROBERT ARMOUR & CO.

Montreal, November 15, 1536.

33-5w.

Crusader's Song.

Away to the battle I speed, Where the banners of chivalry wave; Where the banners of chivalry wave;
The future's dark page who can read?
I may fall in the strife of the brave.
And thou, stately flower of Allmayne,
Wilt weep should thy Knight be laid low
This sad thought redoubles my pain,
As I imagine the depth of thy woe.

But the love-beaming light of thine eye—
The tear on thy lily-bright cheek—
Bid my bosom with rapture beat high,
For thy truth and thy love they bespeak
And thy smile, though all mournful it be,
As flower sprung from funeral clay,
Is the star-light of hope unto me,
As I hie to the battle away.

Thy form shall swim o'er me in light, To save me and shield me from harm; Thy presence shall double the might That sleeps in they warrior's arm.

My war-cry shall be thy proud name,
When my good sword the battle shall join
And assured is the meed of my fame,
Since the love of thy bosom is mine.

And victory's wreath round thy brow And victory's wreath round thy brow
I will twine, thou proud theme of my song:
While the fruits of my twiceshallowed vow
To thee, stately maid, shall belong.
Then dry thy sad tear, oh! my love,
For the shrine of the Saviour set free,
I will borrow the wings of the dove
And hasten, all joyous, to thee.

SIMPLE AMBITION.

About twenty three years ago, the vane of Strasbourg Cathedral was struck by lightning, so that it hung on the side, threatening by its fall to endanger the lives of the people below. The alarm was so great, that the authorities, after a special consultation, posted bills about the streets, offering any reward that should be required to any one that would venture to ascend and take off the vane. While the good citi- children who depended upon their industry zens were reading this announcement, a peasant from the department of the Landos passed by, and being unable to read, he inquired the purport of the advertise ment. When informed, he immediately offered his services for that purpose, and was conducted to the Mayor and the Bishop, who happened to be both in the Hotel de Ville, at the time. They questioned him, and fully acquainted him with the difficulties of the enterprise - such as the the outside However, nothing daunted, he persisted in his resolution to perform the feat on the morrow.

All Strasbourg was assembling in the open places of the city on the next day; and although admiring his courage as they saw him ascend, they most prudently refrained from cheering him as he deserved. Few who were then shading their eyes the green landscape fading into blue distance, the relics of ancient castles, nor the beautiful Rhine glittering in the sunshine, detained his regard. He who at home, in his own barren & level sands, had been used to no greater elevation than his stilts, was now mounting like an eagle towards Heaven, and admired by thousands. When he reached the summit, he deliberately sumed. seated himself on the highest stone, with it sank twenty inches into the soil. The flagration. air was rent with acclamations towards him, (for be it remarked, he was the only on him to ask more

with twenty-five Napoleons in his pocket; before 'his eyes received their sight.' & declared that he had never before spent his time so agreeably as he did in that city; calls forth its appropriate language; and fortifications, and many other fine, as well must be a want of corresponding words by as useful sights, and had been continually which to make known to others, the nice

THE INDIAN .- The Spartan brevity of selves. There is often no less ingenuity than beauty in many of their ideas, of which the following may be taken as a sample: One of the settlers on our western frontier, had used a good deal of argument with an Indian chief, with a view to dissuade him from some hostile expedition on which he was about to set out. The Indian listened with fixed attention, and when his adviser had ceased, replied, 'What you have been saying is undoubtedly extremely just, but my feelings and sentiments are not to he thus trifled away. Your arguments,' he continued, 'are like good medicine, which yet often fails of its effects-the patient takes it but the pulse continues high in his temples.'

individuals met with a watery grave .- West, and make five or ten acres as rich tailed to us, are briefly these :.... Six persons, all residents in this village and its vicinity, left French Creek in the State of New arrived at Oak Point, a small settlement on the American shore five miles above Brockville, on that evening, where, being exhausted by the cold, and standing in need of refreshment, they determined to pass the night. Two of the party, however considering it more safe as well as comfortable, formed the resolution of returning by land, while the other four embarked in the boat on the following morning, and had arrived within three miles of their places of destination, when they were up. set by a sudden squall, and every one on board perished,—one of the number was seen clinging to the boat for some time, mustachios, and his hat cocked up on one his cries were distinctly heard, and he was side of his head, opened the door, and, seen to make every signal in his power for with a half swaggering and half quizzical assistance,-this unfortunately could not air, saidbe afforded in season, some minutes elapsed before a boat could be procured, & then a considerable delay took place in getting through the floating ice which lined the shores, and extended to the distance of nearly a quarter of a mile into the river, although every exertion was used, still owing to the heavy surf that ran and the intensity of the cold, the last man sunk to rise no more, before any effectual aid could be rendered. The deceased were all respectable mechanics, and generally esteemed throughout the circles in which they moved. Three of them have left wives & for support .- Prescot Herald, Dec. 28.

GENERAL POST OFFICE BURNT.

Washington, Dec. 15th, 1836. This morning at four o'clock, a fire broke out in the city post office, and from the nature of the entire building, including the general post office and the patent office, the whole was reduced to ashes in three hours. I have just returned from the scene, which was truly a painful one, real height, and that the upper part of the both from the value of the property despire could only be ascended by ladders on troyed, and from the utter abscence of every thing like a fire department, for the extinguishment of the flames.

The building was very large, perhaps two hundred feet in front and fifty or sixty deep, and occupied the corner of two very wide streets, in one of the most elevated positions of the city.

The centre buildings and one wing were occupied by the general post office departfrom the sun, in order to gaze on the spire, ment, while the city post office and patent but must have envied him the scene of office were in the other wing, the latter surpassing loveliness that was spread below in the second story. The fire commenced him, although it is probable that neither in the city post office, and had made fearful progress before I reached the spot. The northern and southern mails which came in last night, it is said, are entirely destroyed; indeed scarcely any thing was saved in the city post office, and the whole contents of the patent office, including the collection of models, with all the valuable papers of that department, were con-

The general post office department has one leg on each side of the vane; and been more fortunate and it is due to Mr. while his clothes visibly fluttered in the Kendall to say, that he was so promptly strong breeze at such an eminence, he with on the spot, and with his clerks so vigila hammer and chisel displaced the cross ant and active, that he has rescued a very that had caused so much alarm. It flew large proportion of the valuable books spinning to the earth, borne away by the and papers, though very many even of wind, fell into a neighboring field, where these were destroyed, so rapid was the con-

INTERESTING SURGICAL CASE .- A one who had ever proposed to effect its young man from Mississippi, 21 years of removal.) On his descent, he was carried age, blind from his birth, came to this city in triumph to the Hotel de Ville. Being a few weeks since, to submit to a surgical thanked by the authorities, then and there operation .- Two weeks after it was perassembled, & assured of their intense anx formed, he presented himself to the medical iety for his life ever since he had quitted class in the amphitheatre, where he was the earth, he was asked what was the re- enabled to distinguish the features of those compense he demanded? He modestly who had recently attended him. Nothing replied, 'that if they were pleased with satisfactory could be extracted from him what he had performed, he hoped that on the subject of the difference between they would not think him presumptuous, those ideas received, formerly through the but he would much like to walk through sense of touch, and those recently received an arsenal, and see all its wonderful stores through that of vision. He did not comand docks;' and they could not prevail up- plain of objects being too near the seat of vision, & knew, or could indicate no differ-A week afterwards he left Strasbourg ence between his ideas of form now, and are not astonished at this, since each sense for he had seen the imperial arsenal, the until the sense of vision is educated, there feasted gratis by the rich and great folks. shades and peculiarities of mental impression resulting from its incipient use.

He was particularly pleased with the speech for which our American Indians exercise of vision in the streets, looking at are so remarkable when among strangers, houses, and trees, and flowers, and men gives place to great loquacity among them- and women, but expressed himself as delighted in gazing at the beautiful girls for the first time in his life, having, as he said had the pleasure of ' feeling them only before.' ... Lexington Intel.

GOOD ADVICE TO A FARMER .- 'Many years ago,' said a Quaker who told us the following anecdote, 'a brother to the celebrated Benjamin West, who had been a cooper in this city, a man of sterling sense and integrity, purchased a farm some miles out of the city which had been suffered to be overrun with bushes and briars. He was for a short time considered by his neighbor farmers as very far fron. being as wise as Solomon, or even themselves, but in a few years his was the best farm within 50 miles around him, and his Distressing Occurrence..... On Friday last fame as a farmer spread far and wide. One a most melancholy accident happened on day a man came to him who was desirous

The circumstances, as they have been de- as thee wants it, and come to me and I will tell thee what to do next!' ' but,' said the farmer, 'I have not manure enough to do that.' 'Very well, then go and pre-York, on Thursday last in a small boat, pare three acres, two acres, or one acre in with the intention of proceeding to their the same way, but what thee undertakest, several homes to spend the Holidays: they do well.' The farmer, said our Friend, perfectly comprehended the advice, & what is very unusual, practiced upon and benefitted by it, leaving at his death, one of the best farms in the country. Go and do thou likewise.

> ANECDOTE. - Barbers are proverbial for their wit and intelligence. In one of our largest cities, lives one who not only cuts and shaves, but is one of the most cutting shavers with his words that is known in those parts. One morning, while his fashionable shop was filled with customers, awaiting their turn, a tall, slim fellow with

Sir, is this a lathering shop?' 'Yes, sir, said the wielder of razors ... walk in.

' How long shall I wait, barber?' 'It's your turn now, sir sit down.' 'My beard is rather stout.'

'I'll give you a good lathering, sirthere'll be no mistake'-and, suiting the action to the word, he covered the gentleman's face with as much soap as would

'There, sir, you're well lathered, I should say—you'll please to get up.' But, I wish to be shaved.

Perhaps you can get that done up town I keep a lathering shop only.... so you will please to be off as quick as possible in pursuit of a shaving shop.' And, to the no small amusement of many look ers on, the dandy was compelled to go forth as a walking sign to the 'lathering

I once heard it related that a man in the habit of going to his neighbor's corn, one day took with him his boy, of eight years of age. The father told him to stand still while he looked if any body was near to see them. After standing on the fence, peeping through all the corn rows, he returned to take the bag from the child, and began his guilty work. 'Father,' said the boy, 'you forgot to look somewhere The man dropped the bag in a fright, and said ... which way, child ?' supposing he had seen some one. 'You forgot to look up to the sky to see if God was noticing you.'... The father felt this reproof so strong, that he left the corn and returned home, and never again ventured to steal, remembering the truth the child had taught him.

· Keep your tongue from speaking evil. ... A merchant of Petersburgh, Virginia has been mulcted in the sum of five thousa and dollars, for slanderous words spoken by his wife, of and concerning another lady, the daughter of the plaintiff. The trial occupied the court eight days. Forty witnesses were examined, and five eminent lawyers were employed as counsel. The costs & counsel fees will no doubt amount to at least two thousand dollars more, making seven thousand dollars to be paid by Mr. M. for his lady's too much latitude of speech...N. Y. Com. Adv.

end of six months. If paid in advance is. 3d. Leads furnished at the Franklin Foundry, will be deducted. If delayed to the close of the year 1s. 3d. will be added for every six months Grain and most kinds of produce taken in payment.

To mail subscribers the postage will be charged in addition.

of the publishers, until arrears are paid. RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Six lines and under, two shillings for the first insertion, and 6d. for every subsequent insertion. Above six lines and not exceeding ten, two shillings and nine pence; every subsequent insertion seven pence half penny.

tion, and one penny for each subsequent insertion.

inserted till forbid in writing and charged accord-

Daniel Campbell, Pigeon-hill.

Elihu Crossett, St. Armand. Dr. H. N. May, Philipsburg. Galloway Freligh, Bedford. Capt. Jacob Ruiter, Nelsonville, Dunham. Albert Barney, P. M., Churchville. Jacob Cook, P. M., Brome. P. H. Knowlton, Brome. Samuel Wood, M. P. P., Farnham. Whipple Wells, Farnham. Henry Boright, Sutton. William Davis, Stanbridge Ridge. Maj. Isaac Wilsey, Henrysburg. Henry Wilson, La Cole. Levi A. Coit, Potton. Capt. John Powell, Richford, Vermont. Nathan Hale, Troy. Albert Chapman, Caldwells' Manor. Horace Wells, Henryville, Allen Wheeler, Noyan, Capt. Daniel Salls, parish of St. George. E. M. Toof, Burlington, Vt. Tnos Bartlett, jun., East part of Sutton.

Persons, wishing to become Subscribers to the Missiskoui Standard, will pleaseleave their names the River Saint Lawrence about three of improving his farm, and asked him how miles above this Town, by which four he should do it? 'go home,' said Mr. be made.



Cash for Wool!

NOTICE

I Shereby given that two shillings currency per pound will be paid at the Factory of the British American Land Company at Sherbrooke, for clean native Wool, average quality, the produce of the Eastern Townships.

Sherbrooke, May 10, 1736.

V-7tf

Tenders

ILL be received at the Office of the British American Land Company, for the supply of 3000 Cedar Posts, &

3000 do. Rails.

To be delivered at Sherbrooke, on or before the 10th May next. Sherbrooke, Dec. 20, 1836-

Tenders

ILL be received by the Brisish American Land Company, for the construction of 8 frame Buildings, 24 by 36 feet, according to a plan and specification, to be seen at their Office at

Sherb: ooke, Dec. 20, 1836.

NEW GOODS.

FJUST RECEIVED!!!

Munson & Co.,

Fall & Winter GOODS!

all of which they will sell as cheap as they can be bought at any Store in the Townships, none

They add further, that they will purchase good

Pine Logs,

that will make Plank or Boards, for the southern Market, to be delivered at any responsible Saw-Mill within 10 miles of Missiskoui Bay; and will make advances on the same to any responsible person. The Logs to be delivered any time in the course of next Winter.

Philipsburg, Nov. 3, 1836.

FRANKLIN STEREOTYPE HOUNDER V

Lower Provinces, andthe public generally, that having established a

STEREOTYPE FOUNDRY.

AT BURLINGTON, Vt.

they hold themselves ready to execute any work

A great variety of

CUTS

on hand and for sale at the F. S. F. Addition.

No paper discontinued, except at the discretion tice. Old Type taken in pay for work, at 9 cents per pound.

College Street, Burlington Vt. January 12 1836.

Card.

Cutting done in the most approved style, at the shortest notice, for which nothing but Cash will be received.



Esquire, M. P. P. The farm is advantageously

Dunham, 3d Sept., 1836.

REV. H. N. DOWNS'

Vegetable Balsamic

ELIXIR:

Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, Croup, Catarrh, Asthma, Whoopmg Cough, and all diseases of the Chest and Lungs.

PRICE 75 CENTS.

Sold wholesale by the Proprietor, at Georgia' Vt. and by J. CURTIS, Druggist, St. Albans, Vt. wholesale Agent, and Joint Proprietor,—where all orders at wholesale or retail, will meet with immediate attention.

A few bottles of this invaluable medicine may be had of Munson & Co. Missiskoui Bay, Beardsly and Goodnow, Henryville, Samuel Maynard, Dunham, and Levi Kemp, St. Armand.

NFORMATION wanted of William Lane, William Lane, Jun., Honor Lane, Mary Lane, or Anne Lane, who emigrated from Tragonay, in the parish of Cuba, Cornwall, to this country, about three years ago, in the barque Janus, from Falmouth to Quebec. The subscriber will feel much obliged to any individual who will be kind enough to send information to the Herald Office, Montreal, respecting any or all of the above individuals.

RICHARD PARSONS.

Editors of Newspapers in the Upper Province and Townships, are requested to insert this. Montreal, 1836.

26,000 SUBSCRIBERS!

PHILADFLPHIA MIRROR THE splendid patronage awarded to the

Philadelphia Saturday Courier, induces the

editors to commence the publication, under the above title, of a quarto edition of their popular IN returning thanks for the good share of Public patronage with which they have been favoured, inform their old friends and customers that they have received and are now opening at the control of the control of the largest Family Newspaper in the United States, with a list of near TWENTY SIX THOUSAND SUBSCRIBERS.—The new feature recently introduced of furnishing their readers with new books with they have received and are now opening at the plan will be control of the day, having provided the control of the control of the control of the largest Family Newspaper in the United States, with a list of near TWENTY SIX THOUSAND SUBSCRIBERS.—The new feature recently introduced of furnishing their readers with new books with they have received and are now opening at that they have received and are now opening at their store in Philipsburg, a very nice, well selected, and extensive assortment of the celebrated writings of Captain Marryatt, and sixty-five of Mr. Brooks valuable letters from Europe, have already been published without interfering with its news and and miscellaneous reading. The Courier is the largest and cheapest family newspaper ever issued in this country, containing articles in Literature Science and Arts; Internal improvement; Agriculture; in short ever variety of topics usually introduced into a public journal. Giving full acounts of sales, markets, and news of the latest dates.

It is published at the low price of 2 dollars. For this small sum subscribers get valuable and entertaining matter, each week enough to fill a common book of 200 pages, and equal to 52 volweekly, by at least two hundred thousand people, scattered in all parts of the country, from Maine to Florida, and from the sea board to the Lakes. The paper has been so long established as to reno der it too well known to require an extended prospectus, the publishers, will do no more than refer to the the two leading daily political papers of opposite politics. The Pennsylvanian says... The Saturday Courier is the largest, and one of the best family newspapers in the Union; the other, the enquirer and Daily Courier, says, 'it is the largest journal published in Philadelphia, MITH, HARRINGTON & EATON, re-appectfully inform the printers et the Upper & The New York Star says we know of nothing more liberal on the part of the Editors, and no means more efficacious to draw out the dormant alents of our country, than their unexampled lib-

rality in offering literary prizes. The Albany Mercury of March 30th, 1836 says, 'the Saturday Courier, is decidedly the best Family Newspaper ever published in this or any other country, and its value is duly appreciated they hold themselves ready to execute any work which a kind public may feel disposed to favor them with. They hazard nothing is saying that they ean do work cheaper, and in as good style as can be done at any Foundry, in the United States.

Leads furnished at the Franklin Foundry, on the most reasonable terms. enterprising proprietors, Messrs. Woodward & Clarke of Philadelphia, to re publish in its columns, in the course of the year, several of the most interesting new works that issue from the British press, which cannot fail to give tolia permanent interest, and render it worthy of preservation. To meet the wishes, therefore of such f their subscribers as desire to have their numbers than a work and determined on issuing an edibound, they have determined on issuing an edition of the Courier in the Quarte form, which will render it much more convenient for reading when it is bound in a volume, and thus greatly enhance its value.'

TEE QUARTO EDITION.

Above ten lines, 3d per line for the first insertion, and one penny for each subsequent insertion. A liberal discount to those who advertise by habitants of Philipsburg and its vicinity hat he still continues the Advertisements not otherwise ordered will be reserted till forbid in writing and charged accordingly.

STANDARD ACENTS, Daniel Campbell, Pigeon-hill.

Daniel Campbell, Pigeon-hill.

Dithe Crossett, St. Armand.

Dr. H. N. May, Philipsburg.

Salloway Freligh, Bedford.

Sapt. Jacob Ruiter, Nelsonville, Dunham.

Bett Barney, P. M., Churchville.

MAPS.

Philipsburg, June 21, 1836. V2.11—1y.

For Sale,

N Excellent FARM, situated upon the main road, in the flourishing Township of Farnham, adjoining the residence of Samuel Wood, Esquire, M. P. P. The farm is a constant.

MAPS.

In addition to all of which the publishers in tend furnishing their patrons with a series of end furnishing the residence of en

half under good improvement, upon which there is a dwelling house, and two new barns have been recently erected with a small shed attached to one of them. Title indisputable—terms liberal. For further particulars enquire of Dr. Chamberlin, of the village of Frelighsburg, or the undersigned proprietor.

SARAH WINCHESTER.

Dunbar 24 S...

The Philadelphia Saturday Courier is still cfl tinued in its large form at the same price as here tofore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarto edition of the Saturday Courier, with its increase edition of the Saturday Courier is still cfl tinued in its large form at the same price as here tofore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarto edition of the Saturday Courier is still cfl tinued in its large form at the same price as here tofore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarto edition of the Saturday Courier is still cfl tinued in its large form at the same price as here tofore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarto edition of the Saturday Courier is still cfl tinued in its large form at the same price as here tofore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarto edition of the Saturday Courier is still cfl tinued in its large form at the same price as here tofore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarto edition of the Saturday Courier is still cfl tinued in its large form at the same price as here tofore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarto edition of the Saturday Courier is still cfl tinued in its large form at the same price as here tofore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarto edition of the Saturday Courier, such as the same price as here tofore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarto edition of the Saturday Courier is still cfl tinued in its large form at the same price as here tofore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarto edition of the Saturday Courier, such as the same price as here tofore. The Philadelphia Mirror being a quarto edition of the Saturday Courier, such as the same price as the same price

WOODWARD & CLARKE.

V. 222, I2w Philadelphia,